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AUTHOR Boozer, Robert F.; Geiszler, Joan C.

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ABSTRACT

This is the second annual report on public school dropouts in Delaware. The purpose of the report is to provide an accurate statistical description of school dropouts to dispel any stereotypes that might hinder development of programs to aid dropouts. The data presented was compiled from monthly reports submitted by local school districts to the State Department of Public Instruction during the 1973-74 school year. The information includes sex, race, age, grade, course of study, and reason for leaving school. Each variable is analyzed singly and in combination with every other variable. Although most of the data pertains to the state as a whole, the appendix contains a statistical breakdown of the number of dropouts by district, county, and grade level. The appendix also contains a copy of the processing form used by school districts to report dropout data to the State Department of Public Instruction. (Author/JG)





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DELAWARE

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

DOVER. DELAWARE 19901

DROPOUT REPORT DELAWARE PUBLIC SCHOOLS

1973-74

By ROBERT F. BOOZER Supervisor, Federal Programs Research and Management Information and JOAN C. GEISZLER Intern, Governor's Fellowship Program

THE DELAWARE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

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February 1975



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DROPOUT REPORT

DELAWARF PUBLIC SCHOOLS 1973-74

HIGHLIGHTS

- * In Delaware, high school dropouts represent 3.7 percent of the total public high school enrollment for grades seven through twelve. The typical dropout is a white male over 16 years of age, pursuing a general course of study, who leaves during his junior year because he dislikes school.
- * Consistent with the findings of other studies more males than females drop out of school (59.2 percent versus 38.2 percent with 2.8 percent not reported). However, the average age of female dropouts is 16 as opposed to 17 or older for males, suggesting greater pressure on males to complete school in order to increase their job eligibility.
- * The proportion of minority students is higher among dropouts than among the general student body (26 percent versus 19.5 percent).
- * Fifty-four percent of high school dropouts are reported to be enrolled in a general course of study.
- * One of every five dropouts left school during the senior year.

 One of three left during the junior year.
- * The most frequent reason given for dropping out is dislike of school environment (29.3 percent). The next two most important reasons are over age and acceptance of employment.



₁ 6

INTRODUCTION

The "dropout problem" has come into focus as a national, state, and local dilemma at a time when the proportion of students leaving school before graduation has reached nearly its lowest levels. However, in an age of automation and economic instability, the dropout is relegated to a life of low-paying, menial jobs. In a nation where the public schools are charged with the responsbility of preparing youth to take a meaningful role in the working world, the student who drops out, no matter how few the numbers, presents a major concern to all citizens.

Purpose of this Study

This second annual report on Delaware public school dropouts is intended to dispel any stereotypes that may hinder the development of effective programs to aid the student who drops out.

The study provides descriptive data compiled from monthly reports submitted by the local public school districts. The reports also provide names and addresses for contact by the Adult and High School Extension Program of the State Department of Public Instruction.

Definition of Dropout

A dropout is defined as a student "who leaves school or discontinues his schooling for any reason, except death, before graduation or completion of a program of studies and without transferring to another school. The term is used most often to designate an elementary or secondary school student who has been in membership during the regular school term and who withdraws from membership before graduating from secondary school (grade 12) or before completing an equivalent program of studies. Such an individual is considered as having discontinued his schooling whether this occurs during or between regular school terms, whether it occurs before or after he/she has passed the compulsory school attendance age, and, where applicable, whether or not he/she has completed a minimum required amount of school work."

Methodology

Data on dropouts from Delaware's public schools is compiled from monthly reports submitted by the local school districts to the State Department of Public Instruction. The information includes sex, race, age,



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^{1&}lt;sub>Putnam</sub>, John F. Student/Pupil Accounting: A Handbook of Standard Terminology. Washington, D. C.: United States Office of Education, 1973.

grade, course of study, and reason for leaving school. Each variable is analyzed singly, then, with the aid of a computer, is analyzed in combination with every other variable. The results appearing here are for the state as a whole, but similar tabulations are also available for each school district.

All data has been checked for accuracy and completeness by the Planning, Research, and Evaluation Division, State Department of Public Instruction, before submission to the State Division of Central Data Processing. Efforts were made to obtain missing information, but in some instances, this information was not available.

A copy of the processing form is attached as Appendix A. Appendix B shows the breakdown for each school district.

FINDINGS

In the academic year 1973-74, 2,326 students were reported as dropouts by public schools in Delaware. This number represents 3.7 percent of the state's total enrollment in grades 7 to 12. A comparison between data for 1972-73 and 1973-74 is included as Appendix C.

Discussions of Single Variables

Table 1 shows the number and percent of dropouts by sex. The data are consistent with previously reported data for Delaware, 2 as well as for other states. 3 It suggests that males are more likely to leave school prior to graduation than are females.

TABLE 1

NUMBER AND PERCENT OF DROPOUTS BY SEX

Sex	Number	Percent
Male	1,373	59.0
Female	887	38.1
Not Reported	66	
• -	2,326	$\frac{2.9}{100.0}$

²Mohrmann, Jeanne. <u>Dropout Report: Delaware Public Schools, 1972-</u>
73. Dover, Delaware: November 9, 1973. (Mimeographed).



³Schreiber, Daniel. Profile of the School Dropout. New York: 1967.

Table 2 shows that minority students are slightly over-represented among dropouts. Among Delaware public school students, 20.6 percent are of minority background, while 26.2 percent of dropouts are of minority identification. Nevertheless, nearly three-fourths of Delaware's dropouts are white.

TABLE 2

NUMBER AND PERCENT OF DROPOUTS BY RACE

	Yu-how	Poweont
Race	Number	Percent
Black	602	25.9
White	1,653	71.1
Other*	5	.2
Not Reported	66	2.8
Total	2,326	$\frac{2.8}{100.0}$

^{*}Includes Oriental, Spanish surnamed, and American Indian ancestry.

Table 3 indicates that only a very small proportion (5.3 percent) of the dropouts leave school before the legal age of 16. While more than 90 percent of dropouts remain in school at least until age 16, more than 50 percent remain until 17 or older. Even though state law requires attendance until 16, there is apparently something in the school environment that holds students past their sixteenth year.

TABLE 3
NUMBER AND PERCENT OF DROPOUTS BY AGE

Age	Number	Percent
Less than 15	30	1.3
15	95	4.1
16	869	37.4
More than 16	1,266	54.4
Not Reported	66	2.8
Total	2,326	$\frac{2.8}{100.0}$

As Table 4 indicates, nearly one of every three dropouts enters the junior year and one of five enters the last year of high school. The high percentage of dropouts who leave school at the tenth grade level may be due in part to the transition and accompanying adjustment problems upon entering senior high school. Also, during the sophomore year, students have reached the legal age at which they may drop out, perhaps stimulating egress at this stage.

TABLE 4

NUMBER AND PERCENT OF DROPOUTS BY GRADE

Grade	Number	Percent
7	13	0.6
8	28	1.2
9	429	18.4
10	606	26.1
11	728	31.3
12	456	19.6
Not Reported	66	2.8
Total	2,326	100.0

Table 5 shows the number and percent of dropouts by the course in which the dropout was enrolled. The figures indicate that a majority of those who leave school before graduation are enrolled in a general curriculum. One possible explanation is this: since general education provides limited study in a number of areas, the student is less likely or has less opportunity to develop a specific interest, which might contribute to the reason for staying in school. Another possibility is that the student is unsure of the direction he/she wishes to pursue, and so is placed in a general program in the hope that the pupil will discover a particular aptitude. However, without proper and effective counseling, the student is more likely to leave school.⁴

In addition, dropouts from a vocational-technical program appear to run far ahead of dropouts from a vocational-regular program.



⁴Delaware ranks forty-fifth in the nation in counseling provided on K through 6 level and thirty-eighth on the 7 through 12 basis. (Source: Department of Public Instruction and State Board of Education, Annual Report, 1973-74. October, 1974.)

TABLE 5

NUMBER AND PERCENT OF DROPOUTS BY COURSE IN SCHOOL

Course in School	Number	Percent
A = 3 = -1 =	84	3.6
Academic Commercial	150	6.5
General	1,254	53.9
Special Education	61	2.6
Vocational-Regular*	84	3.6
Vocational-Technical*	255	11.0
Not Reported	438	<u> 18.8</u>
Total	2,326	100.0

^{*}Two types of vocational education are indicated: vocational-regular is a vocational program within a regular high school, while vocational-technical indicates separate school facilities for vocational education.

As Table 6 indicates, there are several major reasons most often given for leaving school. About one of every four students gives dislike of school as the reason, while nearly one of three decides to quit either for employment reasons or because he/she is over the age for the grade membership.

TABLE 6

NUMBER AND PERCENT OF DROPOUTS BY REPORTED REASON

Reason*	Number	Percent
Employed	398	17.1
Economic	46	2.0
Military	98	4.2
Marriage	130	5.6
Social	81	3.5
Physical	16	.7
Expelled	32	1.4
Corrections	37	1.6
Dislike School	662	28.4
Failure	74	3.2
Over Age	404	17.4
Other	165	7.1
Not Reported	183	7.8
Tot.als	2,326	100.0

^{*}Reasons are as defined on the reporting form. Explanations are given in Appendix D.



There are several problems with the method used in reporting the reason for dropping out. First, the categories are not mutually exclusive; that is, there may be more than one reason for leaving school, but only one, the primary reason, often arbitrarily determined, is recorded. As a result, the reported reason may represent a guess on the part of the person who supplies the information.

Second, as evidenced by examination of the statistics for each school district, certain categories are used more often in some districts than in others. Numbers reported in the over age category for one district appear to be way out of line with the state average (69 percent in district versus 17.4 percent for state). This may result from instructions that assign unknowns to the over age category rather than to a not reported category.

Discussions of Two-Variable Combinations

In order to determine the presence of any association between two variables, each variable was cross-tabulated with every other variable, e.g., age by sex or grade by sex. The following tables show the results of these tabulations. (Percent of totals is in parentheses.)

Table 7 shows one marked variation from the expected pattern: among blacks, a dropout is nearly as likely to be female as male. Among whites, a dropout is more likely to be male than female.

TABLE 7
NUMBER OF DROPOUTS BY RACE AND SEX

Race	Male	Female	Total
lack	341	261	602 (25.9)
hite	1,031	622	1,653 (71.0)
ther	1	4	5 (0.2)
lot Reported	•••	<u> </u>	66 (2.8)
Total	1,373 (59.0)	887 (38.1)	$\frac{36}{2,326}$ (100.0)

Table 8 reveals several interesting correlations. Those dropouts who had been enrolled in the general course of study are nearly as likely to be male as fer 1. (58.8 percent of males versus 50.4 percent of the females). In gen. , the enrollment in the correctional curricula tends to be predominant; the enrollment in the oversus seentar to of female dropouts in this the enrollment in the oversus seentar to of female dropouts in this the enrollment of the male of study (14.0 percent to the male of study (14.0 percent to the male of the male o

The unrel category appears to be overloaded, since it seems, course enrollment is rmation is not readily available.



TABLE 8

NUMBER OF DROPOUTS BY COURSE AND SEX

	Sex		
Course	Male	Female	Total
Academic	45	39	84 (3.6)
Commercial	26	124	150 (6.5)
General	807	447	1,254 (53.9)
Special Education	37	24	51 (2.6)
Vocational-Regular	66	18	84 (3.6)
Vocational-Technical	181	74	255 (11.0)
Not Reported	211	161	438* (18.8)
Total	1,373 (59.0)	887 (38.1)	2,326 (100.0)

*This includes 66 students for whom no additional information is available.

As shown in Table 9, those who leave school before attaining the legal age are as likely to be male as female. There is no sex differentiation among those who leave school after their sixteenth birthday, but a slightly higher proportion of females drop out at age 16, and males appear to remain in school slightly longer perhaps due to pressures to be better prepared to pursue a work career.

TABLE 9
NUMBER OF DROPOUTS BY SEX AND AGE

	Sex			
Age	Male	Female	Tota1	
Jnder 15	15	15	30	(1.3)
15	51	44	95	(4.1)
16	504	365	869	(37.4)
ver 16	803	463	1,266	(54.4)
ot Reported	-	-	66	(2.8)
Total	$\overline{1,373}$ (59.0)	887 (38.1)	2,326	(100.0)

As demonstrated in Table 10, the grade distribution of dropouts concentrates most heavily in the high school years, so that it appears that most dropouts have at least an eighth grade education. Leaving school occurs more often in the tenth and eleventh grades. leading one to assubthat if a student makes it to the senior year, he/she will graduate. There appears to be little difference between males and females, except in seventh and eighth grade, where more males drop out than females.



TABLE 10

NUMBER OF DROPOUTS BY SEX AND GRADE

	Sex			
Grade	Male	Female	Total	
7	11	2	13	(0.6)
8	19	9	28	(1.2)
9	277	152	429	(18.4)
10	378	228	606	(26.1)
11	423	305	728	(31.3)
12	265	191	456	(19.6)
Not Reported	-	-	66	(2.8)
Total	1,373 (59.0)	887 (38.1)	2,326	

As expected, males dominate the employment, military, expulsion, and corrections categories while females dominate the marriage and social classifications. For both males and females, the reason given for leaving school is most often distaste for the school environment. As indicated previously, these numbers may be misleading, due to the imprecise method of reporting.

TABLE 11

NUMBER OF DROPOUTS BY SEX AND REASON

	Sex			
Reason	Male	Female	Total	
Employed	291	107	398	(17.1)
Economic	36	10	46	(17.1)
Military	97	1	98	(2.0)
Marriage	11	119	130	(4.2)
Social	2	79	81	(5.6)
Physical	6	10	16	(3.5) (0.7)
Expelled	26	6	32	(1.4)
Corrections	28	9	32 37	(1.4)
Dislike School	426	236	662	(1.6) (2 8.4)
Repeated Failure	52	22	74	(3.2)
Over Age	243	161	404	(17.3)
0ther	89	76	165	(7.1)
Not Reported	66	51	183*	
Total	1,373 (59.0)	887 (38.1		(7.9) (100.0)

^{*}This includes 66 students for whom no additional information is available.



Data is not reported for 40 percent of black dropouts, compared to 8 percent of white dropouts. For the data reported, as expected, the majority of dropouts had been enrolled in a general course of study. Of students who were in vocational programs, and had dropped out, white dropouts outnumber black by two to one in regular vocational programs and three to one in technical schools. It must be kept in mind that nearly 75 percent of all dropouts are white.

NUMBERS OF DROPOUTS BY COURSE IN SCHOOL AND RACE

		<u> </u>			_
Course	Black	White	Other	Tota1	
Academic	. 8	76	0	84	(3,6)
Commercial	17	133	0	150	(6.5)
General	216	1,036	2	1,254	(53.9)
Special Education	28	33	0	61	(2.6)
Vocational-Regular	29	55	0	84	(3.6)
Vocational-Technical	62	193	0	255	(11.0)
Not Reported	242	127	3	438*	(18.8)
Total	602 (25.	9) $\overline{1,653}$ (71	$.1)$ $\overline{5}$ (0.2)	2,326	(100.0)

*This includes 66 students for whom no additional information is available.

Since Delaware has a compulsory school attendance age of 16, it would be expected that dropouts would be 16 or older. The evidence presented in Table 13 supports this. Of those who drop out before 16, 80 percent are white. This is contrary to the popular stereotype.

Another surprising distribution appears. It appears that propotionately more black students stay in school past their sixteenth year, whereas a higher proportion of white students drop out at the age of 1t Among other minorities (Oriental, Spanish surnamed, American Indian), 1 percent remained in school until the compulsory attendance age.

TABLE 13

NUMBER OF DROPOUTS BY AGE AND RACE

		Race					
Ave	Black	White	Other	Total			
Under 15	6	24	0	30	(1.3)		
15	13	76	0	95	(4.1)		
16	201	666	2	869	(37.4)		
Over 16	376	887	3	1,266	(54.4)		
Not Reported			-	66	(2.8)		
Total	602 (25	.9) 1,653 (71.0)	5 (0.2)	2,326	(100.0)		



The data presented in Table 14 shows that for each grade level, except grade seven, both blacks and whites are distributed as would be expected from their proportions of the total number of dropouts. In grade seven, white students drop out at a rate of 92 percent, compared to 71 percent of the total number of dropouts.

TABLE 14

NUMBER OF DROPOUTS BY RACE AND GRADE

		Race				
Grade	Black	White	Other	Total		
7	1	12	0	13 (0.6)		
8	7	21	0	28 (1 .2)		
9	109	318	2	429 (18.4)		
10	169	436	1	606 (26.1)		
11	193	534	. 1	728 (31.3)		
12	123	332	1	456 (19.6)		
Not Reported ·	-	_	0	66 (2.8)		
Total	602 (25.9)	1,653	(71.1) $\overline{5}$ (0.2)	2,326 (100.0)		

As indicated before, the major reasons given for leaving school are dislike of school, employment, and over age. Breakdown by race indicates no deviation from this pattern. White and minority students leave school for the same reported reasons.

TABLE 15

!
NUMBER OF DROPOUTS BY RACE AND REASON

		Race					
Reason	Black	White	0ther	Total			
Employed	79	318	1	398			
Economic Economic	13	33	0	46			
Military	23	75	0	98			
Marriage	10	119	1	130			
Social	39	42	0	81			
Physical	5	11	0	16			
Expelled	13	19	0	32			
Corrections	12	25	0	37			
Dislike School	201	461	0	662			
Repeated Failure	14	60	0	74			
Over Age	92	311	1	404			
Other	52	112	1	165			
Not Reported	49	67	1	183			
Total	602	1,653	<u> </u>	2,326			

^{*}This includes 66 students for whom no additional information is available.



As expected, for each age group, the course of study pursued by the dropout is general education, even among dropouts who have not reached age 16. Nine of ten students who drop out are of the legal age to do so.

TABLE 16

NUMBER OF DROPOUTS BY AGE AND COURSE

Course	Under 15	15	ge 16	Over 16	Total
Academic	2	6	25	51 ·	84
Commercial	0	3	67	80	150
General	23	69	489	673	1,254
Special Education	0	3	32	26	61
Vocational-Regular	1	1	27	55	84
Vocational-Technical	2	5	90	158	255
Not Reported	2	8	139	223	438*
Total	30	95	869	1,266	2,326

*This includes 66 students for whom no additional information is available.

Table 17 reveals several interesting patterns. Those students who drop out from grades seven and eight often are incarcerated in some form of correctional institution (10 students of 41). The same number leave because they dislike school. Since about 50 percent of the dropouts from the seventh and eighth grades leave for reasons of employment, dislike of school, or over age, it may be assumed that these students are actually 16 years or older. For the high school grade levels, reasons for leaving school fall according to the expected pattern. Students are most likely to leave school in the tenth or eleventh grade because they do not like the school environment.



TABLE 17

NUMBER OF DROPOUTS BY GRADE AND REASON

Reason	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total
C1d	0	3	49	114	141	91	398
Employed Economic	1	0	5	17	141	9	46
Military	ō	Ö	4	18	53	23	98
Marriage	0	1	7	21	63	38	130
Social	1	1	13	19	26	21	81
Physical	0	0	4	3	5	4	16
Expelled	1	0	10	9	7	5	32
Corrections	5	5	15	7	4	1	37
Dislike School	2	8	128	196	207	121	662
Repeated Failure	0	0	15	15	28	1 6	74
Over Age	^2	7	121	122	82	70	404
Other	1	2	36	37	54	35	165
Not Reported	0	1	22	28	44	22	183*
Total	13	28	429	606	728	456	2,326

^{*}This includes 66 students for whom no additional information is available.

According to Table 18, 125 students dropped out before they reached the age of 16. The majority of these students have at least a ninth or tenth grade education. As shown previously, slightly more than 50 percent of dropouts have remained in school until they were 17 or older. For the most part, students over 16 have left during their eleventh or twelfth year of school. Students aged 16 leave during the ninth, tenth, or eleventh grades.

TABLE 18

NUMBER OF DROPOUTS BY AGE AND GRADE

		Age					
Grade	Under 15	15	16	Over 16	Total		
7	6	0	6	1	13		
8	1	9	18	0	28		
9	14	43	288	84	429		
10	5	3 9	308	254	606		
11	2	3	233	490	728		
12	2	1	16	437	456		
ot Reported	•	-	-	-	66		
Total	30	95	869	1,266	2,326		



Table 19 displays some interesting patterns. First, 56 (45 percent) of those 15 and younger leave for reasons of marriage, pregnancy, physical disability, expulsion, or incarceration. One of eight leaves because the student dislikes school; it may be of concern to know how these students can be permitted to leave when they have not reached the age of 16. Four gave over age as the reason for leaving, but this may be due to the method of reporting. Reporting personnel are instructed to use the over age category when no other reason is known. Of those dropouts 16 or older, as usual, the majority left for three primary reasons: dislike school, employment, or over age.

Those tables correlating course by reason and grade by course are not included because these offer no new insight into the profile of who drops out of high school.

TABLE 19
NUMBER OF DROPOUTS BY AGE AND REASON

Reason	Under 15	15	. 16	Over 16	Total
Employed	4	4	149	241	398
Economic	C	1	20	25	46
Military	0	0	7	91	98
Marriage	1	11	47	71	130
Social	2	9	25	45	81
Physical	1	2	3	10	16
Expelled	0	8	12	12	32
Corrections	, 8	14	6	9	37
Dislike School	' 5	11	296	350	662
Repeated Failure	0	0	21	53	74
Over Age	1	3	183	217	404
Other	4	21	62	78	165
Not Reported	4	11	38	64	183
Total	30	95	869	1,266	2,326

REFERENCES

- 1. Putnam, John F. Student/Pupil Accounting: A Handbook of Standard Terminology. Washington, D.C.: United States Office of Education, 1973.
- 2. Mohrmann, Jeanne. <u>Dropout Report: Delaware Public Schools</u>, 1972-73. Dover, Delaware: November 9, 1973. (Mimeographed).
- 3. Schreiber, Daniel. Profile of the School Dropout. New York: 1967.
- 4. Delaware ranks forty-fifth in the nation in counseling provided on K through 6 level and thirty-eighth on the 7 through 12 basis. (Source: Department of Public Instruction and State Board of Education. Annual Report 1973-74. October, 1974.)



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APPENDIX A

FORM USED TO REPORT DELAWARE PUBLIC SCHOOL DROPOUTS, 1973-74



116.1	MICE COL				
To:	,	hief School Officers rincipals	Due Date:		
Nas	e of Dist	trict:	Return to:		Section Sublic Inst.
••	of Sch	001:		Dover, Del	aware 19901
			Month Cover		
		Title of Person Report:	This Report	·	
		REPORT OF DELAWARE PUBLI 1973-1974		S	
		GENERAL INSTRU	CTIONS		
1.		schools and junior high schools need su	bmit two reports,	one in Nov	vember and one
2.	in June. Surmer d	ropouts should be included in your fir	st fall report,	i.e.,Novembe	er should cover
	July,	August, September, and October. have had no dropouts this month, check			
4.	Return o	original of report.	-		
	no nor	mes and addresses of all students who a anclude transfer or post-graduate stud	deats.		
6.	The digi	ts 1 to 9 should be written with a lead	ding zero, i.e.,	0109 in	columns 74 & 75
7.	Start in	7, 78-83, and 84-87. first box at left for each column, fi	lling in leading	zeros as n	PCPSSATV.
8.	See dire	ctions below for specific coding instru	uctions.		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
		, <u>CODING INSTRU</u>	CTIONS		
	1-8 9-71	Leave blank.			
Col		Self-explanatory. Sex: Male = 1, Female = 2.			
Col	73	Race: Black = 1, White = 2, Amer	rican Indian = 3,	Spanish	Surname = 4.
Col	74875	Oriental = 5, Other = 6. Enter MAJOR reason for scopping using			·,
		01 Employment 06 Phys	sical disability	71	Overage
		02 Economic reasons 07 Expe	elled	12	Unknown
		03 Armed Forces 08 Corr 04 Marriage 09 Dis	recti <mark>onal institu</mark> liked <mark>school</mark>	tion 13	Other. Please
			eated failure		specify.
	76677	Grade in School: Enter [67, 68	3191,76	7. 7721	
	78-83	Date of Birth "Zero Fill" e.g. Marc	1 4 197/ =	का विद्या ह	112
Col	84-87 88	Date Property Page Fill e.g. Sente Course in School: Use code below.	.iber 1972 =	ম সৈত্র	

1 Academic

→ Special Education

17

2 Commercial

3 General

5 Vocations, regular school 6 Vocations, runty Voc-Tech School 7 information and available

Leave blank



First Name	Col 20-33 Last Name
	Col 54-66 City, Town or Post Office Col 76-77 for Stopping Col 88 Col 89 Course in School Groves District
<u>.,,</u>	
	Col 20-33 Last Name Col 54-66 City, Town or Post Office Col 76-77 for Stopping Col 88 Col 89 Course in School Groves District
	
First Name	Col 20-33 Last Name
	Col 54-66 City, Town or Post Office Col 76-77 for Stopping Col 88 Col 89
	Col 73 Race Reason Col 84-87 Date Dropped Mo Yr First Name Col 84-87 Date Dropped Col 73 Race Reason Col 84-87 Date Dropped Mo Yr First Name Col 73 Race Reason Col 84-87 Date Dropped Mo Yr Col 84-87 Date Dropped Mo Yr First Name

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APPENDIX B

NUMBER OF DROPOUTS BY DISTRICT, COUNTY, AND GRADE LEVEL, 1973-74



NUMBER OF DROPOUTS BY DISTRICT, COUNTY, AND GRADE LEVEL, 1973-74

									Enrollment
				Gr	ade _			Total	Sept. 30,197
District	Unknown	7	8	9	10	11	12	7-12	7-12
		NEW (CASTI	E COU	YTY				
Alexis I. duPont	-	_	_	3	7	19	3	32	1,676
Alfred I. duPont	_	_	_	_	16	31	26	73	5,754
Appoquinimink	-	_	_	3	6	4	3	16	1,112
Claymont	-	1	_	11	11	12	10	45	1,749
Conrad Area	-	4	1	11	25	40	20	101	3,078
De La Warr*	7		2	13	10	17	15	64	1,636
Marshallton-McKean	2	_	ī	20	13	19	10	65	2,077
Mount Pleasant	-	5	5	13	18	14	6	61	2,829
New Castle-Gun.Bed.	_	_	_	74	32	81	26	213	4,138
New Castle Vo-Tech	-	_	_	' -	10	21	17	48	1,455
New castre vo-rech	_	_	1	. 36	92	59	51	239	7,320
Stanton	5	_	_	. 30	7	9	22	47	2,835
Wilmington	52	-	7	65	79	92	72	367	6, 356
Total	66	10	17	253	326	418	281	1,371	42,015
		KI	ENT C	COUNTY					
Caesar Rodney	-	_	1	44	36	35	38	154	
Capital	_	-	-	23	48	61	31	163	3,261
Kent Vo-Tech		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Lake Forest	_	-	4	11	25	32	22	94	•
Milford	, —	1	-	9	28	19	16	73	
Smyrna	-	-	-	13	15	15	8	51	1,515
Total	-	1	5	100	152	162	115	535	12,103
		sus	SSEX	COUNT	Y				
Cape Henlopen	-	-	2	6	23	21	19	71	1,712
Delmar	-	-	4	7	8	10		33	
Indian River	-	-	-	30	59	64	15	168	3,024
Laurel	-	-	-	9	11	12	-	32	1,041
Seaford	-	-	-	7	16	34	18	75	
Sussex Vo-Tech	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Woodbridge	-	2	-	17	11	7	4	41	970
Total	-	2	6	76	128	148	60	420	9,268
GRAND TOTAL	66	13	28	42 9	606	728	456	2,326	63,386

Note: Includes summer dropouts. These data were reported on a monthly basis by each school district.

^{*102} summer dropouts not included in this report. (Kent and Sussex County Vocational-Technical High Schools did not report dropouts in 1973-74. Students enrolled in these schools are counted within their home districts.)



APPENDIX C

COMPARISON OF NUMBER OF DROPOUTS, 1973-74 VERSUS 1972-73, BY DISTRICT AND COUNTY



COMPARISON OF NUMBER OF DROPOUTS, 1973-74 BY NUMBER IN 1972-73, BY DISTRICT AND COUNTY

	Number	
District	1973-74	1972-73
	NEW CASTLE COUNTY	
exis I. duPont	32	28
fred I. duPont	73	54
poquinimink	16	18
aymont	45	41
nrad	101	73
La Warr	64*	92
rshallton-McKean	65	73
unt Pleasant	·61	58
w Castle-Gunning Bedford	213	187
W Castle Vo-Tech	48	33
wark	239	233
anton	47	52
lmington	367	461
Total	1,371	1,403
	KENT COUNTY	
esar Rodney	154	96
	163	154
it County Vo-Tech	-	-
e Forest	94	95
te rorest Lford	73	105
urora yrna	51	74
otal	535	524
	SUSSEX COUNTY	
ama Namiana.	71	71
pe Henlopen	33	31
lmar	168	129
dian River	32	34
urel	75	55
aford	-	-
ssex Vo-Tech	41	54
odbridge Total	420	374
TATE TOTAL	2,326	2,301

Note: Includes summer dropouts. These data were reported on a monthly basis by each school district.

^{*102} summer dropouts are not included in this report. (Kent and Sussex County Vocational-Technical High Schools did not report dropouts for either year. Students enrolled in these schools are counted within their home districts.)



APPENDIX D

DEFINITIONS USED IN DROPOUT REPORTING SYSTEM, STATE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION



DEFINITIONS USED IN DROPOUT REPORTING SYSTEM STATE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

- *Dropout: The withdrawal of a pupil from school for any reason, except death, before graduation or completion of a program of studies and without transferring to another school. (Page 3 of State of Delaware, School Attendance Register.)
- *Summer Dropout: A pupil who left school at the end of the spring term, without completing the twelfth grade, who did not enroll in a school the following fall term.
- *Reason for Leaving School (Columns 74 and 75 yellow form)
- 01 Employment The pupil left school to seek or accept employment, including employment required to support parents or other dependents.
- 02 Economic Reasons The pupil left school because of economic reasons, including inability to pay school expenses, inability of parents to provide suitable clothing, and to help with work at home.
- 03 Armed Forces The pupil enlisted or was drafted into the armed forces.
- 04 Marriage The pupil left school because of marriage.
- 05 Social Reason The pupil left school or was required to leave because of pregnancy.
- 06 Physical Disability The pupil left school because of a physical or mental impairment or handicap of a permanent or semi-permanent nature.
- 07 Expelled The pupil left school by action of school authorities for reasons such as extreme misbehavior or incorrigibility.
- 08 Correctional Institution The pupil was committed to a correctional institution for correction of inappropriate patterns of social behavior.
- 09 Disliked School The pupil left school because of an active dislike of one or more aspects of his/her school experience, including lack of appropriate curriculum, and poor relationships with staff and/or fellow pupils.
- 10 Repeated Failure The pupil left school because of repeated failures and academic difficulties.
- 11 Over age The pupil left school after passing attendance requirement age. Use this reason only if no other reason is available.
- 12 Unknown The student left school for a reason which is unknown.
- 13 Other The student left school or was required to leave for some known reason, other than those listed above. This reason should be specified, e.g., excessive distance from home to school or to school bus route.



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